

## REMARKS

### **Status**

This Amendment is responsive to the Office Action dated February 27, 2003, in which Claims 1-22 were rejected. No claims have been canceled; Claims 1 and 15 have been amended; and no new claims have been added. Accordingly, Claims 1-22 are pending in the application, and are presented for reconsideration and allowance.

### **Double Patenting – 35 USC 101**

Claims 1-22 stand provisionally rejected under 35 USC 101 as claiming the same invention as US Serial No. 09/896,697, commonly assigned.

Applicants are filing on even date, an Express Abandonment letter expressly abandoning the claims of commonly assigned US Serial No. 09/896,697. Accordingly, Applicants respectfully request the withdrawal of the rejection under 35 USC 101.

### **Claim Rejections – 35 USC 103(a)**

Claims 1-122 stand rejected under 35 USC 103(a) as being unpatentable over US Patent No. 5,869,839 (*Wendlandt*) and further in view of US Patent No. 4,336,678 (*Peters*). This rejection is respectfully traversed.

*Peters* provides a web/chord interface for wooden composite beams. Scallops 29 are formed by **compressing** edges 25,27 between rollers so that opposite sides of the web are identically compressed. These scallops form glue channels during assembly. More particularly, the scallops provide an **expanding surface** when they react with the liquid in glues. The expansion is due to the wood's memory which responds to moisture. (Col 4, lines 33-54). Thus, *Peters* never reduces/eliminates/removes any material from the web. Indeed, *Peters* stresses that no material is removed, stating at Col. 5, lines 66-68 that "the scallops 29 are formed by compressing the fiber of the edges 25, rather than by cutting away these edges".

In contrast, in the present invention, the edge insert is not compressed – rather, it includes a groove or recess. That is, material is removed from the edge insert to form the groove/recess; the edge insert is not compressed

and the groove/recess' material is not re-generated upon gluing. This is clearly shown in Figures 14-16 of the present invention and claimed in independent Claim 1 as "a second end of the edge insert comprising at least one recess on the first side" and in independent Claim 15 as "the first and second edge inserts each having a second end comprising a plurality of spaced recesses". Accordingly, the present invention, as claimed in Claims 1 and 15, would not result from the combination of *Wendlandt* and *Peters*.

In addition, *Peters* does not recognize the problem being solved by the present invention. As stated at Page 2, lines 17-21, existing cassettes are susceptible to various types of damage when dropped or roughly handled. One type of damage is bending/buckling along a straight edge of the cassette, similar to the motion of a hinge. Applicants have recognized that elimination of the straight line at the adhesive substrate interface, where a bending/buckling failure normally occurs, does reduce/eliminate this type of damage since it eliminates the linear bending/buckling path. This feature of the present invention is clearly described in the Specification at Page 8, lines 8-21, stating:

The stiffness of the edge of honeycomb core 71 is further enhanced since the linear path for bending/buckling has been reduced/eliminated. That is, there is no longer a linear path for bending or buckling to occur between edge inserts 76,80 and honeycomb core 71, in the event of an impact force or rough handling to cassette 10. Should cassette 10 experience an impact force, the impact force would be directed along the non-linear path where the adhesive (filler material) interfaces to either honeycomb core 71 or recesses 100 in edge inserts 76,80, and since there is no linear path, the likelihood of bending or buckling is reduced/eliminated. Stated alternatively, should cassette 10 experience an impact force, the additional material filling honeycomb core 71 in conjunction with the non-linear interfaces of the adhesive/epoxy to both honeycomb core 71 and recesses 100 in edge inserts 76,80, reduce/eliminate the likelihood of bending or buckling in that location since the linear interface has been removed, the linear interface being the area likely to fail (i.e., prone to failure).

Thus, there is an advantage of the present invention which is not recognized by the cited references, whether taken alone or in combination.

For the reasons stated above, Claims 1 and 15 are believed to be patentable over the cited references.

Claims 2-14 and 16-22 are dependent on independent Claims 1 or 15, and therefore include all the features thereof. For the reasons set forth above with regard to Claims 1 and 15, Claims 2-14 and 16-22 are also believed to be patentable.

With specific regard to Claims 11-14 and 20-21, an edge insert having both a recess and channel would not be obvious from the cited references. Accordingly, Claims 11-14 and 20-21 are believed to be patentable.

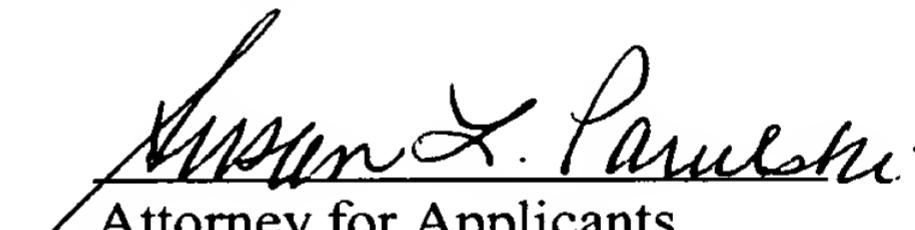
**Summary**

Should the Examiner consider that additional amendments are necessary to place the application in condition for allowance, the favor is requested of a telephone call to the undersigned counsel for the purpose of discussing such amendments.

For the reasons set forth above, it is believed that the application is in condition for allowance. Accordingly, reconsideration and favorable action are respectfully solicited.

Attached hereto is a marked-up version of the changes made to the specification and claims by the current amendment. The attached page(s) is captioned "**Version With Markings To Show Changes Made.**"

Respectfully submitted,



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**Version With Markings To Show Changes Made**

**In the Specification:**

The paragraph beginning on page 1, line 7 has been amended as set forth below:

Reference is made to commonly assigned application U.S. Serial No. 09/896,735, entitled "A STORAGE PHOSPHOR CASSETTE HAVING A CORNER ELEMENT", and filed on [common date herewith] June 29, 2001 in the names of Wendlandt et al., and which is assigned to the assignee of this application.

The paragraph beginning on page 1, line 11 has been amended as set forth below:

Reference is made to commonly assigned application U.S. Serial No. 09/896,625, entitled "STORAGE PHOSPHOR CASSETTE", and filed on [common date herewith] June 29, 2001 in the names of Wendlandt et al., and which is assigned to the assignee of this application.

**In the Claims:**

Claims 1 and 15 have been amended as set forth below:

1. An x-ray cassette, comprising:

a shell comprising an upper and lower panel, a first and second side member, and a front end member, the first and second side members and front end member joining the upper and lower panels to define a cavity having an open end; and

a storage phosphor assembly comprising a back end member, an insert plate, and an edge insert, the storage phosphor assembly adapted to be removably contained within the shell such that the back end member closes off the open end of the shell, a first side of the edge insert being affixed to the insert plate, a first end of the edge insert disposed adjacent the back end member, a second end of the edge insert comprising at least one recess on the first side.

15. An x-ray cassette, comprising:

a shell comprising an upper and lower panel, a first and second side member, and a front end member, the first and second side members and front end member joining the upper and lower panels to define a cavity having an open end; and

a storage phosphor assembly comprising a back end member, an insert plate, and first and second edge inserts, the storage phosphor assembly adapted to be removably contained within the shell such that the back end member closes off the open end of the shell, the first and second edge inserts each being affixed to the insert plate, the first and second edge inserts each having a first end disposed adjacent the back end member, the first and second edge inserts each having a second end comprising a plurality of spaced recesses.